### 

## I Semester 2 Year LL.M. (IPR Law) Examination, March/April 2025 (Odd Sem.) LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Max. Marks: 80 Duration: 3 Hours Instructions: 1. Answer any five of the following. 2. Answer should be written in English only. Q. No. 1. Is Marxism an effective method of social change ? Write down comparative analysis of Naxalism and Sarvodaya. Marks: 16 Q. No. 2. Discuss the strategies to ensure ethnic pluralism and tribal Marks: 16 development. Q. No. 3. Discuss the constitutional provisions which protect religious Marks: 16 minorities in India with the help of decided cases. Q. No. 4. To what extent, "non-discrimination on the ground of the caste has contributed to the social transformation". Discuss. Marks: 16 Q. No. 5. "Children are asset of the nation". Discuss various protection Marks: 16 provided to them by law. Q. No. 6. Examine modernization as a value and a means to reform Marks: 16 justice delivery system. Marks: 2×8=16 Q. No. 7. Write short notes on any two of the following: (a) 'Locals only' rule. (b) Theoretical models on social transformation. (c) NGO's in social transformation. (d) Ethnic pluralism.



### I Semester Two Year LL.M. Examination, August/September 2024 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80 Instructions: 1. Answer any five of the following. 2. Answer should be written in English only. Q. No. 1. 'Sociological discourse on relation between law and social transformation has looked to the instrument of law in the institutional and historical context'. Comment. Marks: 16 Q. No. 2. Explain some judicial decisions which have supplemented social transformation in India. Marks: 16 Q. No. 3. Examine the concept of culture and its competence for authoring social transformation in India. Marks: 16 Q. No. 4. Discuss Gandhiji's experiments with the social change theory. Marks: 16 Q. No. 5. Explain the interaction between social transformation and human rights in India. Marks: 16 Q. No. 6. Elucidate the term 'Empowerment of women' and discuss the factors that have obstructed improvement of women in India. Marks: 16 Q. No. 7. Write note on any two of the following. Marks: 2×8=16 (a) Public interest litigation and social transformation. (b) Sarvodaya Movement as an instrument of social transformation. (c) Constitutional interpretation and social transformation.

(d) Secularism and social transformation.

# I Semester 2 Year LL.M. Examination March/April 2024 (Odd Sem.) LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1. Answer any five of the following.

2. Answer should be written in English only.

Q. No. 1.	"Law is a social devise". Examine.	Marks: 16
Q. No. 2.	Discuss the issues and challenges in using people's language as the language of courts in India.	e Marks : 16
Q. No. 3.	Discuss the constitutional policy relating to development of gender justice in India.	Marks : 16
Q. No. 4.	Analyse the issues and concerns relating to child labour in India.	Marks : 16
Q. No. 5.	Examine 'Sustainable development' as a solution for resolving the conflict between environment and development.	Marks: 16
Q. No. 6.	Critically evaluate 'Public Interest Litigation' as a tool for social transformation in India.	ll Marks : 16
Q. No. 7.	(a) Regionalism	arks :8×2=16
	(b) Secularism as a solution to the problems of religious conflicts.	
	(c) Justice to victims of crime	
	(d) Panchayati Raj institution and social transformation.	

### 

### I Semester LL.M. 2 Year Examination, September/October 2023 (June 2023) LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80 Instructions: 1. Answer any five of the following. 2. Answer should be written in English only. Q. No. 1. What is meant by social transformation? Explain the various types and theoretical models of social transformation. Marks: 16 Q. No. 2. 'Formation of linguistic states is a boon or bane'. Analyse. Marks: 16 Q. No. 3. Explain secularism as a means to resolve religious conflicts with special reference to the Constitutional provisions regarding the same. Marks: 16 Q. No. 4. Examine the adequacy of laws to check crimes against Marks: 16 Q. No. 5. Discuss the legal response to the prevention of child labour and sexual exploitation of children. Marks: 16 Q. No. 6. "Plea bargaining is introduced as a step to reform the criminal law". Examine whether it has fulfilled this purpose. Marks: 16 Q. No. 7. Write note on any two. Marks: 2×8=16 (a) Linguistic rights. (b) Alternative dispute resolution. (c) Sustainable development.

(d) Sarvodaya movement.

### I Semester 2 Year LL.M. Examination, March/April 2023 (Dec. 2022) LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Max. Marks: 80 Duration: 3 Hours Instructions: 1. Answer any five of the following. 2. Answers should be written in English only. Q. No. 1. "Constitution is a major instrument of Social Transformation" -Marks: 16 Elucidate. Q. No. 2. Critically evaluate language policy under the Constitution of Marks: 16 India. Q. No. 3. "The idea of India as one unit has been galvanised in the constitutional text and case law" - Discuss. Marks: 16 Q. No. 4. Economic Development is a key factor for heralding social Marks: 16 transformation - Examine. Marks: 16 Q. No. 5. Discuss the legal regime relating to land reforms in India. Q. No. 6. Explain 'Plea-bargaining' as a mechanism of settlement of Marks: 16 Criminal Cases in India. Q. No. 7. Write note on any two of the following. Marks: 2×8=16 (a) Theoretic models of social transformation. (b) 'Gandhism' as an alternative legal strategy for social transformation. (c) Ethnic pluralism. (d) National Commission for women.



#### I Semester 2 Year LL.M. Examination, October/November 2021 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1. Answer any five of the following.

2. Answer should be written in English only.

- Q. No. 1. "The ultimate aim of law is to change the society peacefully, but tradition and culture create hinderance to it." Comment. Marks: 16×1=16
- Q. No. 2. Discuss Constitutional provisions with reference to protection of SC, ST and Socially and educationally backward classes.

Marks: 16×1=16

Marks: 2×8=16

- Q. No. 3. Discuss the propriety of imposition of regional language as compulsory medium of instruction.

  Marks: 16×1=16
- Q. No. 4. Critically analyse social transformation through reforms in family laws.

  Marks: 16×1=16
- Q. No. 5. Discuss role of self governing bodies in rural and urban India in the decentralisation of democratic governance.

  Marks: 16×1=16
- Q. No. 6. Discuss legal response to sexual exploitation of women in India. Marks: 16×1=16
- Q. No. 7. Examine the adequacy of laws in relation to the prevention of child labour and sexual exploitation of children. Marks: 16×1=16
- Q. No. 8. Discuss the role of law as a pragmatic instrument in social transformation in India.

  Marks: 16×1=16
- Q. No. 9. Write note on any two:
  - (a) Sarvodaya Movement
  - (b) Secularism
  - (c) Protection of environment
  - (d) Sons of soil theory.

# I Semester 2 Year LL.M. (Constitutional Law/Business and Trade Law) Examination, December 2019 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1. Answer any five of the following.

2. Answer should be written in English only.

Q. No. 1. Explain Sarvodaya Movement in India. Marks: 16×1

Q. No. 2. Discuss how the Constitution of India accommodates regionalism within federal structure.

Marks: 16×1

Q. No. 3. Give a detailed account of the measures taken by legislature

to curb gender discrimination. Marks: 16×1

Q. No. 4. Discuss importance of agrarian reforms in bringing social transformation in India. Marks: 16×1

Q. No. 5. Evaluate contribution of local self governing bodies in decentralisation of democratic governance.

Marks: 16×1

Q. No. 6. "Introduction of plea bargaining in the criminal justice system

is a step towards reforming procedural law." Discuss. Marks: 16×1

Q. No. 7. Write short notes on any two: Marks: 8×2=16

a) Naxalism

b) Tribal development

c) Child's right to education

d) Protective discrimination.



### I Semester LL.M. (I.P.R, Const. Business & Trade) Examination, June/July 2015 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1. Answer all 5 questions.

Figures to the right indicate marks.

3. Answers should be written only in English.

Q. No. 1. (a) Examine the concept of law as an instrument of social Marks: 10

Discuss the role of tradition and culture in moulding social transformation.

(b) Write short note on:

Interaction between law and social transformation. Marks: 6

OR

Law and development.

Q. No. 2. (a) To what extent religion can be considered as a divisive factor in india? What is the solution envisaged by law to this problem?

Marks: 10

OR

How far the formation of linguistic states has solved the language problem in India? Comment on the policy of nondiscrimination on the ground of language.

(b) Write short note on:

Protective discrimination.

Marks: 6

OR

Community and regionalism.

P.T.O.

Q. No. 3. (a) Explain the Constitutional and legal provisions relating to empowerment of women.

Marks: 10

OR

Evaluate the changing dimensions of rights to compulsory education.

(b) Write short note on:

Role of National Commission for Women.

Marks: 6

OR - A view malfine and bluoma and w

Legal protection against sexual exploitation.

Q. No. 4. (a) Describe the social transformation brought through agrarian reforms. Comment on the role of Constitutional law in this regard.

Marks: 10

OR

Discuss the modernization as a value and reform of family laws.

(b) Write short note on:

Mediation and Conciliation.

Marks: 6

OR

Democratic decentralization of local self government.

Q. No. 5. (a) Explain the thoughts of Gandhiji and Vinoba Bhave on alternative approaches to Law.

Marks: 10

OR

Discuss the Indian socialist thought on Law and Justice.

(b) Write short note on:

Concept of Grama Nyayalays.

Marks: 6

OR

Naxalite movement.



# First Semester LL.M. (IPR/Const/B&T) Degree Examination, December 2014 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1. Answer all questions.

2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q. No. 1. (a) Examine the complexities regarding Law as the product of tradition and culture in a progressive society.

Marks: 10

OR

Explain the impact of introduction of Common Law system in India.

(b) Write short note on :

Law and morality.

. Marks : 6

Q. No. 5. (a) Discuss the causes and solutions for naxaligo overnent.

Codification of Law.

Q. No. 2. (a) To what extent 'non-discrimination on the ground of the caste' has contributed to the social transformation? Elucidate.

Marks: 10

OR

How far the formation of linguistic States has solved the language problem in India? Comment on the policy of non-discrimination on the ground of language.

(b) Write a note on:

Secularism.

Marks: 6

OR

Jobs for the sons of soil.

Q. No. 3. (a) "The gender discrimination most often invades dignity of life and right to privacy of women" – Elucidate.

Marks: 10

OR

What is women empowerment? Examine the different ways of women empowerment.

(b) Write a note on:

Adoption of children and related problems.

Marks: 6

OF

Women's Commission.

Q. No. 4. (a) Discuss reform of Justice delivery system.

Marks: 10

OF

Explain the role of democracy in bringing social change.

Comment on the democratic decentralization and local self
government.

(b) Write a note on:

Industrial reforms.

Marks: 6

OR

Prison reforms.

Q. No. 5. (a) Discuss the causes and solutions for naxalite movement.

Marks: 10

OR

Explain the thoughts of Gandhiji and Vinoba Bhave on alternative approaches to Law.

(b) Write a note on:

Concept of Grama Nyayalas.

Marks: 6

isonusque problem in India ? Comment on OR policy of

Socialist thought on Law and Justice.



### First Semester LL.M. (IPR/Const/B&T) Examination, June/July 2014 LEGAL THEORY

Max. Marks: 80 Duration: 3 Hours

Instructions: 1. Answer all questions.

2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q. No. 1. (a) The theory expounded by Stoics had a great influence on the contemporary Roman Legal System - Comment.

Marks: 10

Discuss the growth of Natural law during the period of Renaissance.

(b) Write about the contribution of John Rawls to the revival of natural law.

Write a note on the concept of 'Dharma'.

Q. No. 2. (a) Critically evaluate Bentham's theory of positivism.

OR

The army life of strict discipline and command had its reflection in the Austinian concept of law - Discuss.

(b) Write a note on H.L.A. Hart's contribution to Analytical Positivism.

Marks: 6

OR

Write a note on the 'Grundnorm'.

Q. No. 3. (a) Discuss Friedrich Karl Von Savigny's contribution to the development of historical school.

Marks: 10

OR

Explain Sir Henry Maine's views on development of law.

(b) Write short notes on:

Marks: 6

Role of National Commission for Women.

OR

Sexual abuse of children.

Q. No. 4. (a) 'Social transformation in the sphere of agriculture is vital in the interests of the economy'. Discuss with reference to agrarian reforms.

Marks: 10

OR

Alternative Dispute Resolution system reflects post-modernist method of dispute resolution. Analyse.

(b) Write short notes on:

Marks: 6

Prison reforms.

OR

Uniform Civil Code.

Q. No. 5. (a) Analyse the jurisprudence of 'Sarvodaya' with reference to Bhoodan movement of Jayaprakash Narayan.

Marks: 10

OR

Discuss the relevance of Gram Nyayalayas as an alternative approach to law.

(b) Write short notes on:

Marks: 6

Marxism and justice.

OR

Surrender of Chambal Dacoits.



### I Semester LL.M. Examination, December 2013 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Marks: 80

Instructions: 1. Answer all questions.

- 2. Answer one essay type and one short note question from each Unit.
- Figures to the right indicate marks.
- "Social change is held to occur only when social structure, Q. No. 1. (a) patterns of social relations established social norms and social role changes" - Comment.

Marks: 10

Explain the impact of ples burgaining in IRO modes of

Critically evaluate the influence of common law system on India.

(b) Write a note on:

- Marks: 6
- i) Law as an instrument of social engineering.

OR

- ii) Law as a product of tradition and culture.
- Q. No. 2. (a) Explain the concepts 'secularism' and 'religion' in the context of social change under the Indian constitution.

Marks: 10

Discuss the Constitutional provisions as to protective discrimination in ensuring social justice.

(b) Write a note on:

Marks: 6

Implication of eighth schedule on Regional Language

OR

Regionalism.

0151 Q. No. 3. (a) Discuss the provisions in law which encourages gender equality in India. Marks: 10 Evaluate the law relating to adoption and measures adopted in protection of the child in the process of adoption. Marks: 6 (b) Write a note on: i) Crimes against women OR ii) Sexual exploitation of children. Discuss the concept of "Free enterprise v/s State regulation" Q. No. 4. (a) in ensurings economical justice and globalisation. Marks: 10 OR Explain the impact of plea bargaining in the process of guaranteeing speedy justice. Marks: 6 (b) Write a note on: i) Lok Adalats OR ii) Reform of family law. Q. No. 5. (a) Discuss the contribution of Acharya Vinobha Bhave, Gandhiji and Jai Prakash Narayan on state and politics. Marks: 10

What is 'Grama Nyayalaya' ? Explain the advantages and disadvantages of Grama Nyayalayas.

O. No. 2. (a) Explain the condems "becularism" and 'reful ROn the

(b) Write a note on : annual production of the contract of the

Marks: 6

Naxalite Movement (125) Island gallulate of rolling paragil

OR

Surrender of dacoits.



# First Semester LL.M. Examination, June 2013 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1. Answer all questions.

- 2. Figures to the right indicate marks.
- Answer one essay type and one short note from each Unit
- Q. No. 1. (a) The relation between law and social transformation is mutual and multilinear. Discuss. See the control of the co

OR

The emergence of British rule in India had far-reaching effect upon law, culture and society with both negative and positive consequences. Elaborate.

(b) Write a short note on :Law as social engineering.

Marks: 6

OR

Theoretic models on social transformation.

Q. No. 2. (a) Is religion a divisive or synthesising factor? Analyse.

Marks: 10

OR

Elaborate the 'Sons of the soil theory' with reference to equality in matters of employment.

Naxalism movement.

(b) Write a short note on:

Marks: 6

Role of National Commission for Backward classes.

OR

Locals only rule in educational institutions.

Marks: 6

(b) Write a shert rote on:

Q. No. 3. (a) The policy of protection to women is spread over various parts Marks: 10 of the constitution and judicial interpretations. Elaborate. OR Discuss the national and international legal norms in the prohibition of child labour. (b) Write short notes on : also and in the and of sample is Marks: 6 Sexual harassment at workplace. OR Children and education. Island base was neewed notation ent. (a) 1.ol/ .O. Q. No. 4. (a) Modernisation as a concept has its own, impact in all social institutions including family in the course of social transformation. Discuss. Marks: 10 The emergence of British rule in India had far 80 ching effect Introduction of plea-bargaining in the criminal justice system is a step towards reforming procedural law. Discuss. (b) Write short notes on : Marks: 6 Panchayati Raj Institutions. OR Mediation and conciliation. Q. No. 5. (a) Discuss the contribution of Gandhiji and Vinobha Bhave in bringing peaceful change in the society through the jurisprudence of Sarvodaya. 39 flove to eview bis noticine at (a Marks: 10 OR Analyse the socialist thoughts on law and justice with reference to right to property.

> Naxalism movement. Role of National Commission for Backward c. RO es

Gram Nyayalayas.

(b) Write short notes on:



Marks: 10

#### Q. No. 3. (a) Explain the constitutional and legal measures Semester of LL.M. Examination, Dec. 2012 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Marks: 80 metions and international legal instrum

Instructions: 1. Answer all questions.

2. Figures to the right indicate the marks. Soft W (d)

Q. No. 1. (a) Define 'Law'. Explain the relation between law and social change.

Marks: 10

OR

"The idea that the law must be sufficiently flexible to take into account social realities in order to provide the maximum of people's wants with the minimum of friction and waste". Comment: mort roog arts agler law helps the poor from the law free control of the control of the

(b) Write a short note on :

Marks: 6

Colonial distortions of Law.

OR

Law and tradition.

Q. No. 2. (a) Is uniform civil code a solution to religious inequality? Explain.

explain the contribution of sarvodays in socialization of laws.

Explain the constitutional provisions relating to language and domicile in promoting unity and integrity of India.

(b) Write a short note on:

Marks: 6

India and Marxism.

Integration of regionalism and national unity.

OR

Protective discrimination.



Q. No. 3. (a) Explain the constitutional and legal measures for empowerment of women and its contribution in social transformation.

Marks: 10

OR

08 : ahaM XBI Discuss the national and international legal instruments regarding the protection of children against sexual abusement.

> (d) Write a short note on : one right and of several (d) Child labour.

Marks: 6

O. No. 1. (a) Define 'Law'. Explain the relation between languard social

Offence relating to miscarriage.

Q. No. 4. (a) Explain the relevance of fundamental duties in the era of modernization.

Marks: 10

Critically analyse how the law helps the poor from the mystique of legal procedure and heavy court fees through arbitration and conciliation.

(b) Write a short note on:

Marks: 6

Compensatory jurisprudence.

OR

Local self governing bodies in rural areas.

Q. No. 5. (a) Explain the contribution of sarvodaya in socialization of laws.

Marks: 10

Explain the constitutional provisions relating for Elucidate the concept of right to property and examine the power of government to acquire lands for public purpose.

(b) Write a short note on: India and Marxism.

Marks: 6

OR

Naxalite movement.

### First Semester LL.M. Degree Examination, June 2011 (Course - I) LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours and any affect mode begund amount and the Max. Marks: 80 Instructions: 1. Answer all Questions. 2. Figures to the right indicate marks. Q. No. 1.(a) What is social change? Discuss the role of law in bringing Marks: 10 about social change in India. No. 7, 10) This case the hard policy of the Government of Odia. What an Discuss the introduction of common law system in India. Marks: 6 (b) Write a note on codification of law. OR "Law is evolved through the traditions and culture of a society" - Comment. Q. No. 2. (a) Discuss how the Constitution of India accommodates regionalism Marks: 10 within a federal structure. Discuss the policy of the Constitution with reference to special provisions for SC, ST and socially and educationally backward classes. (b) Write a note on religious chauvinism in India. Marks: 6 OR Write a note on 'jobs for sons of the soil'. Q. No. 3.(a) What is women empowerment? What are the ways and Marks: 10 means of women empowerment? OR What is child abuse? Discuss the legislative response for the prevention of child abuse. Marks: 6 (b) Write a note on Women's Commission.

Write a note on gender injustice in the adoption laws for

Hindus.

P.T.O.

ps. Marks - - 1

Q. No. 4. (a) "The family law in India has different practices pertaining to marriage." Discuss with specific reference to registration of marriages in India. AND SOCIAL TRANSPORTATION OF A WALL

Marks: 10

Discuss various reforms brought about in the procedural laws for modernising court procedure and to avoid delay.

(b) Write a note on Lok-Adalat.

Marks: 6

OR

Write a note on industrial reform. Papado inforced and Westell Love Co.

Q. No. 5. (a) Discuss the land policy of the Government of India. What are the contributions of Acharya Vinobha Bhave towards land movement?

Marks: 10

Discuss the causes for rise in Naxalite Movement.

(b) Write a note on 'surrender of dacoits' as a social change. OR

Marks: 6

Write a note on constitutional debate on right to property.

directar the policy of the Constitution with reference to appeal.)

which is the particular accommend in the second

P.T.O.



#### First Semester LL.M. Examination, January 2011 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA (Course – I)

Max. Marks: 80 Duration: 3 Hours Instructions: 1. Answer all 5 Questions. 2. Figures to the right indicate marks. 3. Answers should be written only in English. Q. No. 1.(a) Explain the complexities regarding law as the product of tradition and culture in a progressive society. What is the impact of colonization upon the features of law in India? Marks: 10 Discuss the impact of introduction of common law system on the development of law and legal institutions in India. Marks: 6 (b) Write short note on: Law and morality. OR Causes of social transformation. Q. No. 2. (a) Critically examine the language policy under the constitution. Marks: 10 To what extent 'non-discrimination on the ground of the caste' has contributed to the social transformation? Discuss. Marks: 6 (b) Write short note on: Secularism. OR Problems of regionalism. Q. No. 3.(a) "The gender discrimination most often invades dignity of life Marks: 10 and right to privacy of women." Elucidate. OR Discuss the legal response to sexual exploitation of children and women.

(b) Write short note on: Marks: 6 Adoption of children and related problems. OR Children and Education. Q. No. 4.(a) What is modernization? Explain its impact on industrial reforms. Z III. Warks: 10 Examine the modernization as a value and reform of justice delivery system. (b) Write short note on : " and an another ben not then Marks: 6 Prison reforms. OR Victim compensation system. Q. No. 5.(a) Critically examine the socialist and maxist thoughts on law and justice in India. Marks: 10 OR Describe the causes and cure of Naxalite Movement. (b) Write short note on: Marks: 6 Indian Maxism. OR

Sarvodaya.

0151

# First Semester LL.M. Examination, June 2010 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA (Course - I)

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1) Answer all questions.

2) Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q. No. 1. (a) Critically analyse the influence of English Law on India.

Marks: 10

OR

Discuss the factors of social change in India.

(b) Write a note on:

Social legislation.

Marks: 6

OR

The role of judiciary in social change.

Q. No. 2. (a) "In India the state is not to take sides in matter of religion"

- Discuss. .

Marks: 10

OR

Discuss the policy of the Constitution of India with reference to official language vis a vis regional language.

(b) Write a note on:

Religion as a divisive factor in India.

Marks: 6

OR

Medium of instruction in primary schools.

Q. No. 3. (a) Discuss the legislative set up for prevention of crimes against women in India.

Marks: 10

OR

Discuss the root causes and problems of child labour in India.

P.T.O.

### S D M L A W LIBRARY

0151 (b) Write a note on: Political empowerment of women. Marks: 6 The South Transformation, June 300 SOUTH TRANSFORMATH TO AND SOUTH TRANSFORMATH THE SOUTH THE SO Right to education of the child. Q. No. 4. (a) Analyse the causes of agriculture backwardness. What are the reforms undertaken by the government for aggrarian reforms? Marks: 10 Explain the various methods of alternative dispute resolution practised in India. (b) Write a note on: Prison reforms. Marks: 6 OR Panchayat Raj system in India. Q. No. 5. (a) Discuss the views of Acharya Vinobha Bhave on State and Politics. Marks: 10 OR Discuss the contribution of Jayaprakash Narayan to the political movement in India. (b) Write a note on: Gram Nyayalaya. Marks: 6 OR Marxisim.



## First Semester LL.M. Examination, January 2010 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA (Course – I)

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

- Examine the role of Pies Bargaining in entury

Instructions: 1. Answer all questions.

2. Figures to the **right** indicate marks.

Q. No. 1. (a) Critically evaluate law as an instrument of social change. Marks: 10
OR

Evaluate the impact of common Law on Indian legal system.

(b) Write short note on:

Marks: 6

i) Law as an instrument of social engineering.

OR

- ii) Law as the product of tradition and culture.
- Q. No. 2. (a) Evaluate the Constitutional provisions relating to regionalism. Marks: 10 OR

Examine the role of protective discrimination in ensuring social justice.

(b) Write short note on:

Marks: 6

Religion and Law

OR

Communalism.

Q. No. 3. (a) Explain the measures adopted to deal with the issue of crimes against women.

Marks: 10

OR

Explain the law relating to protection of Child in the process of adoption.

(b) Write short note on:

Marks: 6

Law as a instrument to eradicate child marriage.

OR

Women's Commission.

P.T.O.

Q. No. 4. (a) Elucidate the impact of modernisation on Family Laws in India. Marks: 10

LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN SOUDIA (CORES - 1)

Examine the role of Plea Bargaining in ensuring speedy justice.

(b) Write short note on:

Marks: 6

Alternative Dispute Resolution System.

2. Figures to the right indicate marks NO

Prison Reforms. Q. No. 5. (a) Discuss the Bhoodan Movement in India and its contribution to the socialization of Law.

Marks: 10

OR

Explain the need of Grama Nyayalayas in ensuring friendly settlement of disputes. a labor to theminizati na an wall

(b) Write short note on:

Marks: 6

Commutation of Sentence.

e Constitutional provisions relating NO regionalism

Naxalism.